

Indicator Initiation Form

Basic Information	Details / Explanation
Indicator Name i.e. the name that you would use for the indicator when it is shown in reports	Housing delivery test % of deliverable assessed housing requirement delivery over a rolling 3 year period – over 75%
Reference – if required. If not leave blank	Measure ID – 115
Polarity – what is good performance: either a high result is good or a low result is good	High
Data Frequency - how frequently will the result be reported, i.e. every month/3 months/6-months/annually/every 2 years etc	Annual
Precision – how precisely do we need to report the result; either as a whole number, or to one or two decimal places	Nearest whole %
Reporting period - If annual or less frequent will the result be over a financial year, school year or calendar year	Financial year
Reporting delay – How quickly can the result be provided after the end of the reporting period?	6 weeks
Unit of measure - the unit the result is measured in, i.e. a %, number or £	Percentage
Result type - Whether the result will be cumulative, an average or a snapshot at a point in time	Rolling 3-year average

Comparative information	Details / Explanation
Comparative data – what benchmark data will available for the indicator (all England /Regional /Family Group - also known as statistical neighbours / West Yorkshire)	League table for all of England: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/housing-delivery-test
Family Group – if benchmark data from a family group is available, what is the name of the family group (CIPFA /iQuanta /DfE /etc)	As above we can compare with any English council
Data source - what is the data source for benchmark data? (e.g. DCLG, LG Inform)	MHCLG - Housing Delivery Test: measurement - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

Indicator information	Details / Explanation
Rationale – why are we measuring this aspect of performance, i.e. the rationale for the indicator	Performance against a national indicator that results in sanctions if performance doesn't meet specified benchmarks
Long name (Optional) – a description of the indicator that is sufficient enough to understand what is being measured (if different from the indicator name)	
Definition – goes into more detail about how the indicator will be measured and what is being measured. It also includes the precise meaning of any specific terms. It includes information that is essential to the calculation included in the definition.	See calculation below
Calculation –what are the component parts of the indicator and the calculation that creates the result. Provide an example if that is helpful.	$\text{Housing Delivery Test (\%)} = \frac{\text{Total net homes delivered over three year period}}{\text{Total number of homes required over three year period}}$
Source of result – what are the data sources for the component parts of result (collection systems/other sources? Are the collection systems/sources internal or external to the council?)	The Council's housing delivery monitoring is provided to Government via periodic returns